

Election 2024: Changes in Conditions Affecting Down Ballot Races & Δ in Public Opinion

OLLI Fall 2024 Class #3

Wednesday, 02 October 2024



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Slides, for each week, are sent to <u>Grace Burroughs</u> for You All

Additional questions, comments, & concerns to:

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Here's Our Plan for Each Week of the Course: We Take a Break, Halfway, Each Weekly Session

Class #1 18 SEPT 2024

- What matters to watch over the next eight weeks?;
- What to make of this close race?;
- Where to get information?

Class #2, 25 SEPT 2024:

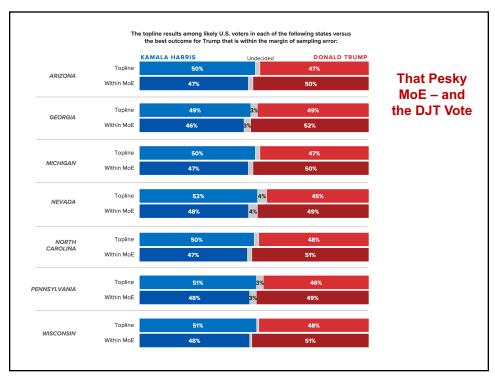
- Deep dive into polling and public opinion formation;
- Focus on the "Culture Wars" in American politics
- Guest Speaker, 10:05-10:45 over Zoom;
- Class #3, 02 OCT 2024:
 - Briefly more on Public Opinion;
 - VP Debate Wrap-up;
 - Down-ballot races & sub-national elections:
 - How having kids in school matters for the vote:

- Class #4, 09 OCT 2024:
 - Direct Legislation & voting in CA;
 - CA politics-focus;
 - Guest Speaker (Over Zoom, Assemblyman Jim Wood);
- Class #5, 16 OCT 2024:
 - Guest Speaker: Congressman Mike Thompson, in-class
 - Consequences of the Three Presidencies Hypothesis;
 - State of the Race & Issues vs. Ideology
- Class #6, 23 OCT 2024:
 - Guest Speaker: Ben Shultz, American Sunight Project
 - Artificial Intelligence (AI) discussion;
 - Mal-, mis-, and disinformation in elections;
 - What to watch Election NIGHT & Week?
 - What happens after the race?

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Given Events of the Last 24 Hours, Where Can We Go To Get Inside Information & the "Latest D.C. Thinking?





The Plan This Day, Class #3

- Part I: Briefly a bit more on Public Opinion & its role in American elections and politics; the Zaller "RAS" Model; divides & challenges of "electioneering vs governing;"
- Part II: Overview on the race, post-VP Debate; still focusing on <u>WHAT TRENDS</u> MATTER in shaping the 2024 elections;
- Last two weeks, we began to examine the conditions & expectations affecting the Politics of 2024 onwards to 2028 along with WHAT TO WATCH this year & moving forward?
- In Part III for TODAY: We focus on....the BIFURCATION OF THE VOTE the "SILOING" of the vote
- Thinking about 2016, 2020, and onto to 2024, we can compare votes cast and voting trends in the 2024 presidential election with those of previous races.
- HOWEVER how will / is this changing for 2024 to 2028 and beyond?
- Part IV: Your Role in the Political Socialization of this nation



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Recall Our Focus Last Week...We Start With...

- Our politics right now are defined by three things: partisanship, polarization, and parity;
- Most voters are partisans, and partisanship determines your political attitude more than anything else.
- You may change your mind(s) even on issues they care a lot about (like abortion), then change the party they identify with.
- This leads to polarization, where Democrats hate Republicans more than they ever did before, and Republicans hate Democrats more than they ever did before.
- And then you have parity, which is that the two parties are basically even in terms of identification – which makes it very hard to move voters.

Part I: An Introduction to Public Opinion

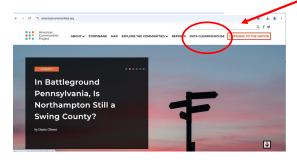
- Public Opinion
 - The distribution of the population's beliefs about politics and policy issues
- "Demographics as Destiny"
 - The science of population changes frames the above distribution
- U.S. Census Critical Element of State, as well as Midterm, and National Presidential Elections
 - A valuable tool for understanding population changes
 - Required every 10 years by the Constitution
 - Use the product, "<u>American Community Survey</u>" (ACS)
 and a separate, independent companion,
 "American Communities Project"

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The "American Communities Project"

· Check this out:

https://app.americancommunities.org/? gl=1%2a1qs21hl%2a ga%2aMzUwOTg0MDY0LjE3MjcwMzI5Njl.%2a ga 72CXLLPW01%2aM TcyNzAzMjk2MS4xLjAuMTcyNzAzMzAxNC4wLjAuMA...



Funnel of Causality

Long term, stable partisan and policy predispositions

Current policy preferences and perceptions of current conditions

Retrospective evaluations of the president concerning results

Impressions of the candidates' personal qualities

Prospective evaluations of the candidates and parties

Vote Choice

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Long-term, stable predispositions

With regards to:

- Issues
- Ideology
- Candidate Positions, Information

John Zaller's RAS Model*

Receive, Accept, Sample

1. Reception Axiom

The greater the person's level of cognitive engagement with an issue the more likely he or she is to be exposed to and comprehend — in a word, to receive — political messages concerning that issue.

2. Resistance Axiom

People tend to resist arguments that are inconsistent with their political predispositions, but they do so only to the extent that they possess the contextual information necessary to perceive a relationship between the message and their predispositions.

3. Accessibility Axiom

The more recently a consideration has been called to mind or thought about, the less time it takes to retrieve that consideration or related considerations from memory and bring them to the top of the head for use.

4. Response Axiom

Individuals answer survey questions by averaging across the considerations that are immediately salient or accessible to them.

*Source: Zaller, John R. (1992) The Nature and Origins of Mass Opinion. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press.

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Let's look at this in practice over a few specific elections....

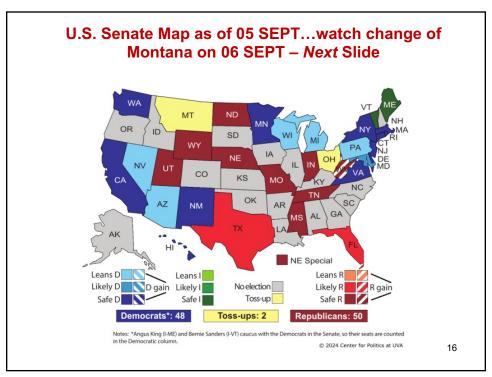
Down-Ballot Elections – The KEY Differences

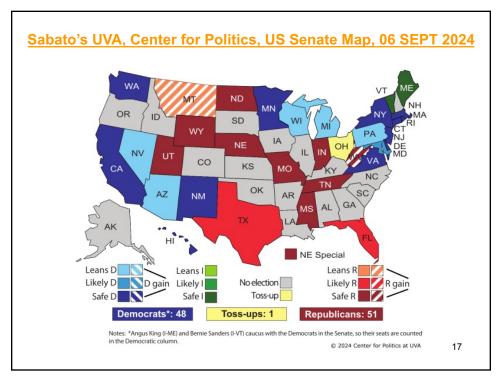
- U.S. Federal: The States:
 - Challengers & SCOs vs.Cand. Types
 - Direct Legislation– U.S. House vs.– (or DD) vs.
 - U.S. Senate "The Locals" +

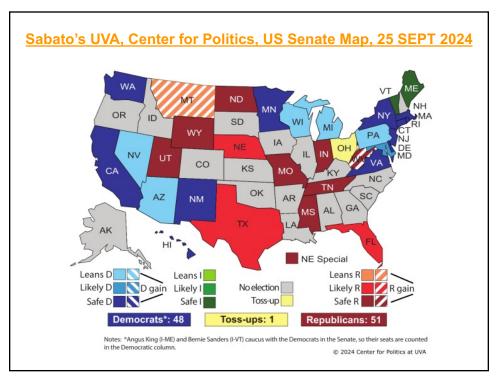
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- M.C.D. (CF / \$\$\$) - M.C.D. (CF / \$\$\$)

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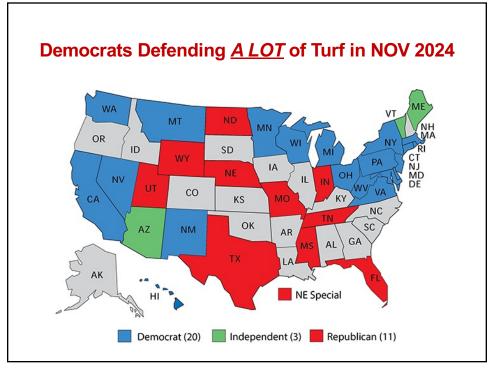


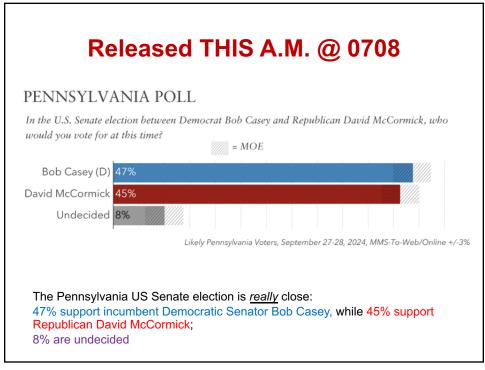
US Senate Outlook, Mid-Sept 2024

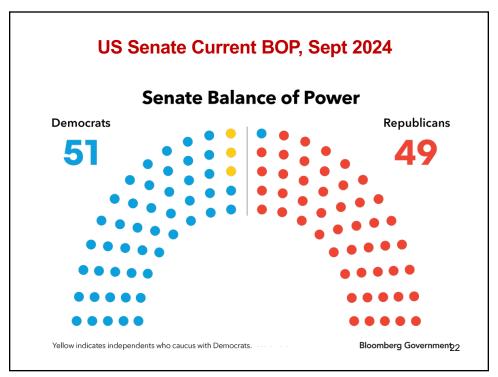
- Republicans remain favored to flip the Senate majority this year;
- Democrats are still in the game, but need to win <u>all</u> the closest races just to get to 50-50, and are likely behind in at least one of those races, Montana;
- In addition, the OH US Senate race (Democrat Sherrod Brown's re-election race) is too close to call; and
- There is also the Democrats' "VULNERABILITY Index" of 20-23 seats vs. the GOP's 11 seats.

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Total seats rated Safe Democratic: 175 Total seats rated Safe, Likely, or Leans D: 205 House Outlook, 2024

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For Classes #2 & #3, We Draw Heavily From:

- Pew Public Opinion Polling Basics:
 - https://www.pewresearch.org/course/publicopinion-polling-basics/

and

- Washington Post (WaPo) Polling Averages
 Methodology
 - https://www.washingtonpost.com/elections/2
 024/06/26/presidential-polling-averagesmethodology/