Article One

The Creation of Congress

List of States-Political Power

- ▶ UNITED STATES IN 1787
- New England States: New Hampshire,
- Massachusetts *, Rhode Island, Connecticut.
- Middle States: New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania *, Delaware.
- Southern/ Slave States: Maryland, Virginia*
- No. Carolina, So. Carolina, Georgia.
- (*= Large States)

Legislatures Picked Delegates – 72 were selected but only 58 actually attended.

Delegates

Connecticut

William Samuel Johnson

Roger Sherman

Oliver Ellsworth (Elsworth)*

Delaware

George Read

Gunning Bedford, Jr.

John Dickinson

Richard Bassett

Jacob Broom

Georgia

William Few

<u>Abraham Baldwin</u> William Houstoun*

William L. Pierce*

Maryland

James McHenry

Daniel of St. Thomas Jenifer

Daniel Carroll
Luther Martin*

John F. Mercer*

Massachusetts

Nathaniel Gorham

Rufus King

Elbridge Gerry*

Caleb Strong*

New Hampshire

<u>John Langdon</u>

Nicholas Gilman

New Jersey

William Livingston

David Brearly (Brearley)

William Paterson (Patterson)

Jonathan Dayton

William C. Houston*

New York

Alexander Hamilton

John Lansing, Jr.*

Robert Yates*

North Carolina

William Blount

Richard Dobbs Spaight

Hugh Williamson

William R. Davie*

Alexander Martin*

Pennsylvania

Benjamin Franklin

Thomas Mifflin

Robert Morris

George Clymer

Thomas Fitzsimons; Jared

Ingersoll

James Wilson

Gouverneur Morris

South Carolina

John Rutledge

Charles Cotesworth Pinckney

Charles Pinckney

Pierce Butler

Rhode Island

Rhode Island did not send

delegates.

Virginia

John Blair

James Madison Jr.

George Washington

George Mason*

James McClurg*

Edmund J. Randolph*

George Wythe*

Preamble

- Shortest Section of the Whole Constitution
- Considered the Best
- Written Last
- Written By One Person –
- Gouvernor Morris- Pennsylvania
- Just a Few Days Before the Close
- Accepted in its entirety by the Convention without changes!

"We the 'People'...."

- Not: "We the various states or "we the US", or "we... the following delegates."
- No reference to God, Providence, Deity- Why? Recognition that US was not a theocracy!
- What is the most important part of the preamble?
 "...In order to ensure a more perfect union...."

Shorthand test for "Constitutionality"

Political Consequence of That Phrase: No Provision to Opt Out of the U.S. <u>So, No Secession!</u> <u>Affirmed By "Texas vs. White" 1869</u>

<u>Congress</u>-The Section of the Constitution That Took the Longest To Draft -4 to 5 Months

- Membership (How Many to Start.)
- How Selected? How Long Terms?
- Why?
- Powers?
- Why These Specifically?
- (Fear of a Tyrant)

- Membership How Selected/Elected?
- How Long Terms?
- Rotation Class 1,2,3.
- Why?
- Powers?
- Advice and Consent.
- Impeachment Process

House

Senate

Slavery and Its Implications

- What Constitutes A Person?
- Who Were Counted?
 - **Exclusions?**

- What About Those Opposed to Slavery?
- What Did They Want?
- Hoped Slavery Will Fade.
- Compromise At All?
- Slave Trade Gone in 1808.
- The Issue Would Only Get
 Fully Addressed By
 A Civil War and Civil War
- A Civil War and Civil War Amendments

The Original Sin Of America

Racism: The Consequence

Examine Individual Sections

- Can a Sitting President Be Indicted?
- Money Bills
- Powers of Congress
- District of Columbia
- Habeas Corpus
- Emoluments
- Bills of Attainder
- Ex Post Facto Laws